## Bactamin

**Bactamin** is a composite product that acts both as a microbial inoculant and as a growth stimulator and also as an organic foliar fertilizer.

- > Bactamin is an excellent microbial inoculant:
- \* Contains beneficial bacteria of the genus Bacillus in the form of endospores.
- \* Contains bacteria of the natural microflora of the leaf, the shoot and the rhizosphere of most plants.
- \* Contains a rich in nutrients organic substrate that contributes to the germination of the endospores and the proliferation of the bacteria just after the application of **Bactamin** on the foliage of the plants.
- \* The microorganisms of *Bactamin* supply the plants with nutrients. As soon as *Bactamin* is applied on the foliage of the plants, the endospores germinate and the bacillus that occur, start to proliferate and decompose the organic substrate of *Bactamin*, releasing nutrients that are readily available to the plants.
- \* The microorganisms of *Bactamin* release protein metabolites that fortify the resistance of plants in stress periods.
- \* The microorganisms of **Bactamin** release substances that protect plants from pathogens of the foliage.
- > **Bactamin** is an excellent microbial inoculant:
- \* The organic substrate of *Bactamin* is composed of micro- and macro-nutrients, trace elements, amino acids, saccharides and chelating agents, ensuring the complete nutrition of the plants.
- \*The organic substrate of **Bactamin** stimulates and accelerates the biological processes that take place in the aboveground part of the plants and trees.
- \* The nutrients of *Bactamin* enhance the vigour of the crop.
- \* Bactamin increases crop yield and thereby the farmers' profit.



## **SYNTHESIS**

Contains beneficial microorganisms in population of 1 x 10<sup>12</sup> cfu\* per liter \*cfu: colony forming units

Nitrogen (N) 1.1 %
Phosphorus (P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> ) 1.0 %
Potassium (K <sub>2</sub> O) 1.2 %
Mono- and Oligo- Saccharides Concentrated
Concentrated Enzyme Extracts
Dextroze
Amino acids
Micronutrients
Organic Chelating Agents
Organic Natural Wetting Agent





CROP	APPLICATIONS	APPLICATION RATE (per ha)
Vegetables (tomato, pepper, eggplant, cauliflower, cabbage, lettuce, leek etc)	At early bloom. Repeat every 7-10 days	1 I in 500-1,000 I of water
Vineyard	Just prior to bloom, during flower insemination, when the berries are small and during ripening	0.8 l in 1,000 l of water
Olive	When the first flowers start to bloom, at the beginning of full bloom and 7-10 days after the second spray	1 I in 2,000-3,000 I of water
Citrus trees	At early bloom. Repeat after 7-10 days	1.5 I in 2,000-4,000 I of water
Pome fruits	At early bloom. Repeat after 7-10 days	0.75 l in 1,000-2,000 l of water
Stone fruits	At early bloom. Repeat after 7-10 days	0.75 l in 1,000-2,000 l of water
Nut trees	At early bloom. Repeat after 7-10 days	0.75 l in 1,000-2,000 l of water
Forest trees	In September, in mid spring (April - May) and in early June	1 I in 2,000 I of water
Cotton	In late July and repeat 1-2 times at 10-15 day intervals	500 ml in 500-700 l of water
Corn	At 15-20 cm growth stage, at 22-35 cm growth stage and prior to tasseling	1 I in 500-1,000 I of water
Ornamentals	At early bloom. Repeat after 10-15 days	1-1.5 l in 1,000-2,000 l of water

**Bactamin** is applied foliarly by spraying thoroughly the entire leaf area. **Bactamin** must be applied late in the evening (before sunset). In case of impending rain, the application of **Bactamin** should be avoided. However, in case of rainfall (5-7 days after the application), it is recommended to repeat the spray. **Bactamin** can be applied even on the day of the harvest.



It is recommended **BACTAMIN** to be combined with **BACTA-FOOD** which is an excellent food source for the beneficial microorganisms of **BACTAMIN**. **BACTA-FOOD** stimulates the germination of the endospores and the proliferation of the bacteria. In this way, **BACTA-FOOD** ensures the increase of the microbial population and the maximum microbial activity.

